Appendix A OUTCOME FRAMEWORK SUMMARY PAGE

	All ages			Starting Well (Delivered by Children and Families Executive board)		Living Well			Ageing Well			
Well-being	T1:Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Male	.	\	T2:Percentage (%) of children scoring themselves medium or high on the composite resilience score (Pupil Lifestyle Survey Q84/85)			T2:% point gap in the employment rate between those with a learning disability and the overall employment rate			T1:% of adult social care users who have as much social contact as they would like		
	T1:Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Female	1	\				T2:% point gap in the employment rate between those accessing mental health services and the	•	<u> </u>			
	T1:Life Satisfaction Survey (ONS Well Being)	•				overall employment rate						
u	T1:% of population that achieve 150 mins Physical activity per week		\rightarrow	T2:Percentage (%) of children born with a low birth weight	1		T2:Smoking Prevalence in Adults	•	\rightarrow	T2:Emergency hospital admissions for injuries due to falls in persons aged 65+	1	\rightarrow
Prevention	T1:% of people using outdoor space for exercise/health reasons	-	<u> </u>	T2:Excess weight in childhood at 5 Years			T2:Hospital admissions for alcohol- related conditions	!	\rightarrow	T2:% of eligible adults aged 65+ who have received the flu vaccine	-	
Pr	T1: Preventable deaths in local population (Mortality Rate per 100,000)	_	\	T2:Excess weight in childhood at 11 Years	-		T2:% of Adults Overweight or Obese	-	\rightarrow			
ACP)	T1:Delayed Transfers of Care from Hospital (all) per 100,000 population per day	1		T2:Hospital Admissions for Self- harm (aged 10 - 24 rate per 100,000)	1		T2: Cancer mortality rate(<75)		\rightarrow	T1:Emergency Hospital Admissions (65+) to Hospital	•	
6	T1: satisfaction with experience of care and support services.	_		T2:Inpatient Admissions rate:	<u></u>		T2: Cardiovascular disease Mortality Rate (<75)	•	\rightarrow	T1:Rate of permanent admissions to Residential Care per 100,000 (65+)		
Car (Delivered	T1: The proportion of people still at home 91 days following a period of reablement			mental health disorders for 10-17 year olds (per 100,000)			T2:Complications associated with diabetes	-	<u> </u>	T1: Requests for Support for Adult Social Care (65+) per 100,000 population	•	
ort by ACP)	T2: Proportion of people who use services and carers who find it easy to find information about services			T3:Percentage (%) of children in care with an up to date health assessment	!		T2:Adults in contact with Mental health services who are living in stable and appropriate			T2: % of people who have a terminal diagnosis have an End of Life plan		
Support (Delivered by			T1:Proportion of Children in Need per 10,000 population			acoomodation			T2: Dementia diagnosis rate			
				T1:Proportion of Children in Care per 10,000 population	-	\rightarrow	T2:Adults with a learning disability who are living in appropriate accommodation					

Key (national benchmark used)

•	No assessment against benchmarks				
♦	Worse than national benchmarks				
_	Similar to national benchmarks				
	better than national benchmarks				

	Tier 1 Population		
T1	indicator contained within		
	the DGT Outcomes		
T2	Tier 2 Population Level Indicator		
T3	Tier 3 Service Level performance measure		

Better / Higher than Previous Period
Worse / Lower than previous Period
No Previous Data or no change

Health and Well Being Board Performance Report (March 18)

Focus of Report: Wellbeing – Ageing Well (CELL)

What this will mean Doncaster Residents

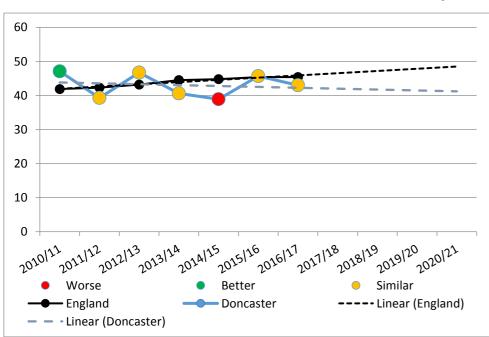
Support healthy aging across Doncaster, recognising that preventative approaches that reduce loneliness and social isolation or promote self-care and independence are important at every life stage

How we will know we have succeeded (the outcomes we want to deliver)

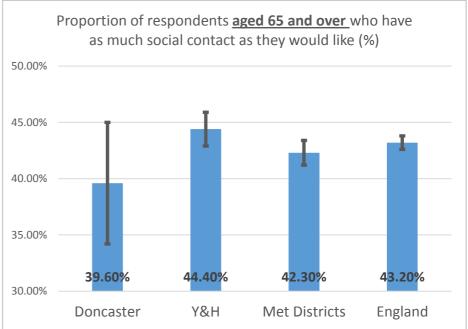
More people remain healthy and independent for longer with fewer people socially isolated

Tier 1 & 2 (Population Indicators - Doncaster Growing Together Framework)

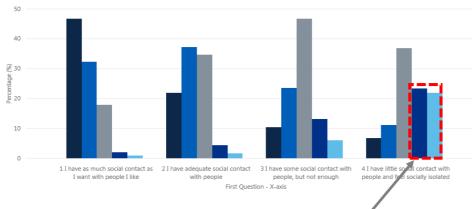
% of Social Care Users who have as much social care contact as they would like







Perceptions: Social Isolation vs Quality of Life



The chart above demonstrate Doncaster respondents to the Adult user survey who have little social contact have much poorer perceptions of their quality of life.

What is the story

Key factors that are driving these population measures performance

Social isolation can result because of a variety of factors but common factors include bereavement, loss of mobility, poor living conditions and caring responsibilities. With an ageing demographic and people living longer a number of these factors may impact on more people and for longer periods.

Over the next 3 years we predict that there will be an extra 1100 people in Doncaster aged 65+ living alone.

What is going well...

What is not going well....

Tier 3 (Service Performance Measures)

Performance Measure	Actual	Target	Status	DOT
% of Intermediate care that is not bed based	Х	Υ	R/A/G	•
Impact of Intermediate Care on Quality of Life	Х	Υ	R/A/G	
ТВС	Х	Υ	R/A/G	

What are we doing about this

Are service we provide performing well? If not why and what is planned?...